

# Seminar on Internetworking

## Internet Protocols for Mobile Computing

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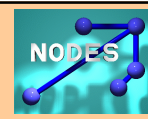
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## Future Mobile Applications




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- communication characteristics
  - ⇒ The most significant feature will be diversity
  - ⇒ All kinds of applications will be in use.
  - ⇒ QoS requirements and communication patterns will be numerous
  - ⇒ Some applications will also adjust their behaviour according to the properties of connectivity
  - ⇒ Future mobile terminals will have a few applications simultaneously active.
  - ⇒ Some terminals will also be able to use different access technologies either simultaneously or one at a time.

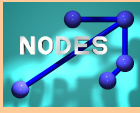
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# Future Mobile Applications




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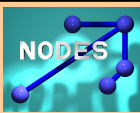
➤ **Communication types:**

- ⇒ Human end-user
  - Messaging
  - Interactive content retrieval
  - Rich call
- ⇒ Machine-to-machine
  - Control and command
  - Management

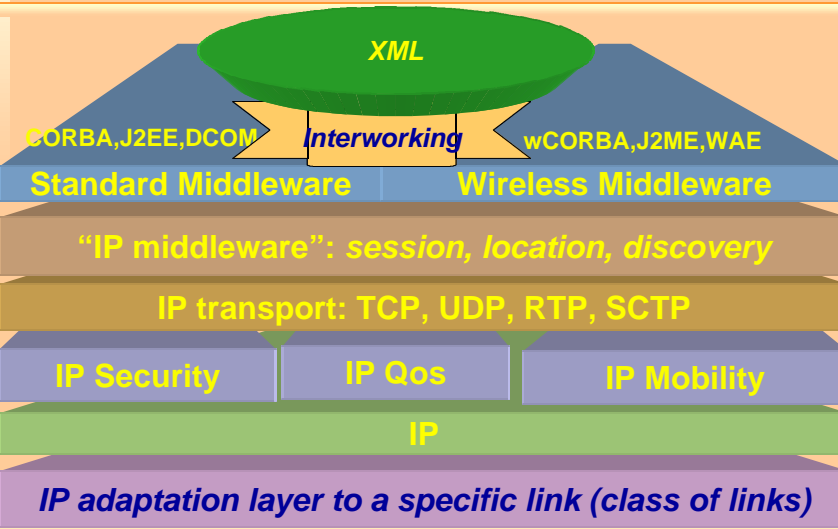
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# Mobile Distributed Platform Architecture




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The diagram illustrates a layered architecture for mobile distributed platforms. At the top is a green oval labeled **XML**. Below it is a blue layer divided into two sections: **Standard Middleware** (containing CORBA, J2EE, DCOM) and **Wireless Middleware** (containing wCORBA, J2ME, WAE). A yellow arrow labeled **Interworking** connects these two sections. Below the middleware is a brown layer labeled **"IP middleware": session, location, discovery**. This is followed by a yellow layer labeled **IP transport: TCP, UDP, RTP, SCTP**. Below that is a blue layer divided into three sections: **IP Security**, **IP Qos**, and **IP Mobility**. The next layer is a green bar labeled **IP**. The bottom layer is a purple bar labeled **IP adaptation layer to a specific link (class of links)**.

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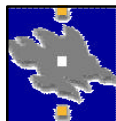

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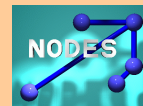
## IETF Working Groups



- impp: Instant Messaging and Presence Protocol
- simple: SIP for Instant Messaging and Presence Leveraging Extensions
- ipv6: IP Version 6 Working Group
- mobileip: IP Routing for Wireless/Mobile Hosts
- pana: Protocol for carrying Authentication for Network Access
- zeroconf: Zero Configuration Networking
- aaa: Authentication, Authorization and Accounting
- ngtrans: Next Generation Transition
- policy: Policy Framework



## IETF Working Groups



- rap: Resource Allocation Protocol
- bgmp: Border Gateway Multicast Protocol
- ipsec: IP Security Protocol
- ipsp: IP Security Policy
- ipsra: IP Security Remote Access
- diffserv: Differentiated Services
- midcom: Middlebox Communication
- nsis: Next Steps in Signaling
- pilc: Performance Implications of Link Characteristics



## IETF Working Groups



- rohc: Robust Header Compression
- seamoby: Context Transfer, Handoff Candidate Discovery, and Dormant Mode Host Alerting
- sip: Session Initiation Protocol
- sipping: Session Initiation Proposal Investigation
- tsvwg: Transport Area Working Group